

Checklist of Key 2021 Requirements for Health & Welfare Benefit Plan Sponsors

Complying with the many rules that govern health and welfare benefits can be a challenge for benefits administrators. EPIC has prepared this compliance checklist to help administrators manage their 2021 benefits compliance efforts.

Please note that this checklist may not cover every requirement applicable to a specific employee benefit plan. This list focuses on key federal requirements affecting most health and welfare plans and is subject to legislative or regulatory changes. Additional requirements or exceptions may apply under state insurance laws which vary from state to state. Administrators should also remember that the Affordable Care Act (ACA) remains in effect despite certain recent legislative and regulatory changes as well as legal challenges.

Mark Yes, No, N/A or insert applicable comment in space provided.

Employer Shared	Responsibility ("Play or Pay") Mandate				
Are you prepared t	co comply with the ACA's "Play or Pay" mandate?	Yes	No		N/#
minimum value requ time employee rece known as the "emplo	nployers" (ALEs) that do not offer "minimum essential cove uirements to their full-time employees and dependent childr ives a subsidy for health coverage through a Marketplace (E oyer shared responsibility" or "play or pay" provisions. An A full-time-equivalent (FTE) employees in the prior calendar ye	en are s Exchange LE is an e	ubject t e). Thes	to penalties se requireme	if a ful ents ar
-	status for 2021 by calculating the number of full-time and F h in 2020 and dividing that number by 12.	TE empl	oyees c	on business (days fo
	are common law employees who average 30 or more hours	of servic	e per w		
Employers must trac	month. Hours of service include all hours for which an emplock hours of service for all employees (full-time, part-time, ar me employee definition.	• •		•	•
Employers must trac they meet the full-ti Regulations provide	ck hours of service for all employees (full-time, part-time, ar	id seaso	nal) to	determine v	vhethe
Employers must trac they meet the full-ti Regulations provide a plan's affordability	ck hours of service for all employees (full-time, part-time, ar me employee definition. guidance on how to determine ALE status, how to define ful	id seaso	nal) to	determine v	vhethe
Employers must trac they meet the full-til Regulations provide a plan's affordability Are you aware of the An ALE will satisfy employees and their	ck hours of service for all employees (full-time, part-time, ar me employee definition. guidance on how to determine ALE status, how to define ful , and how to determine minimum value.	I-time en Yes "substa	nal) to mploye No ntially	determine v es, how to n all" of its f	neasur
Employers must trac they meet the full-til Regulations provide a plan's affordability Are you aware of the An ALE will satisfy employees and their	ck hours of service for all employees (full-time, part-time, ar me employee definition. guidance on how to determine ALE status, how to define ful , and how to determine minimum value. he applicable penalties? the requirement to offer minimum essential coverage to r dependents if it offers coverage to at least 95% – or fails to	I-time en Yes "substa	nal) to mploye No ntially	determine v es, how to n all" of its f	neasur



AFFORDABLE CARE ACT (ACA) REQUIREMENTS

Employer Shared Responsibility ("Play or Pay") Mandate

The 4980H(a) Penalty: The monthly penalty assessed on ALE's that do not offer coverage to substantially all full-time employees and their dependents is equal to the ALE's number of full-time employees (minus 30) x 1/12 of the annual 4980H(a) penalty for any applicable month. (The 2021 penalty has not yet been announced.)

The 4980H(b) Penalty: ALEs that do offer coverage to substantially all full-time employees (and dependents) may still be subject to a penalty if such coverage is either unaffordable or does not meet minimum value and at least one full-time employee obtains a subsidy through the Marketplace. The monthly penalty assessed for each full-time employee who receives a subsidy is 1/12 of the annual 4980H(b) penalty for any applicable month. (The 2021 penalty has not yet been announced.)

However, the 4980H(b) Penalty B cannot exceed the amount an employer could be assessed under 4980H(a).

Is your health coverage affordable and does it provide minimum value?	Yes	No		N/A
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Under the ACA, an ALE's health coverage is considered *affordable* if the employee's required contribution to the plan does not exceed 9.5% of the employee's household income for the taxable year (as adjusted each year). The 2021 adjusted percentage is 9.83%.

A plan is considered to provide *"minimum value"* (MV) if it covers certain types of medical expenses and is designed to pay at least 60% of employees' health care costs. An employer can determine if the plan meets MV by using one of the four available methods.

Annual Information Reporting of Health Plan Coverage

Are you prepared to comply with the health plan coverage reporting requirement for 2020?	Yes	No		N/A
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Health insurance issuers and sponsors of self-insured plans that provide "minimum essential coverage" (MEC) are required to report certain health coverage enrollment and other information on Forms 1095-B or Form 1095-C, respectively, to the IRS and covered individuals.

- ALEs are required to report offers of coverage to full-time employees and their dependents and certain health plan information on Form 1095-C.
- Form 1094-C is used to transmit Forms 1095-C to the IRS, which includes certain employer data.

The normal due date to distribute 2020 forms is January 31. However, since January 31, 2021 falls on a Sunday, the 2020 forms are due to individuals by February 1, 2021. Paper filing is due to the IRS by March 1, 2021, and electronic filing is due by March 31, 2021.

tel: 415.356.3900

1 california st., suite 400, san francisco, ca 94111

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Plan Design Changes

Do you know the grandfathered status of your health plan? Yes

N/A

No

A grandfathered plan is a health plan that was in existence when the ACA was enacted on March 23, 2010, and that has continuously adhered to certain guidelines. If plan changes go beyond those guidelines, the plan is no longer grandfathered. Grandfathered plans are exempt from some (but not all) of the ACA's requirements.

If you have a grandfathered plan, determine whether it will maintain its grandfathered status for the 2021 plan year. A grandfathered plan's status will affect its compliance obligations.

If you move to a non-grandfathered plan at any time, confirm that the plan immediately complies with all additional patient rights and benefit provisions required by the ACA (Examples: coverage of in-network preventive care at 100%; limits on out-of-pocket maximums).

Limits on Cost-sharing

Does your plan comply with ACA limits on cost-sharing or out-of-	-pocket	No	
maximums?	Tes	NU	

N/A

Non-grandfathered health plans are subject to limits on cost-sharing or out-of-pocket (OOP) maximums. For 2021, the OOP maximums generally are limited to \$8,550 per covered person (whether enrolled for self-only or family coverage) and \$17,100 for all covered family members combined, with respect to coverage for essential health benefits.

If you have a health savings account (HSA)-compatible high-deductible health plan (HDHP), your plan's OOP maximum cannot exceed IRS limits. For 2021, the IRS limits on HDHP OOP maximums are \$7,000 for self-only coverage or \$14,000 for family coverage. If the HDHP also is a non-grandfathered plan, it is subject to both the ACA limits and IRS limits.

Ongoing ACA requirements			
Is your plan in compliance with the following ACA requirements?	Yes	No	N/A
No Pre-existing Condition Exclusions: Group health plans may not impose pre- existing condition exclusions.			
Child Coverage to Age 26: Group health plans that cover children of employees must extend coverage to children through the end of the month during which they turn 26.			
Limited Waiting Periods: Group health plans may not impose a waiting period that exceeds 90 calendar days. Many waiting periods have been shortened to "first of the month following 60 days" to ensure that health plan coverage will start within the maximum allowable 90-day waiting period.			

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Is your plan in compliance with the following ACA requirements?	Yes	No	N/A
Essential Health Benefits (EHBs): Non-grandfathered small group plans must cover each of the EHBs categories listed under the ACA. This requirement does not apply to grandfathered plans, self-funded plans or insured plans in the large group market. However, any plan that covers EHBs must conform to applicable ACA provisions such as prohibitions against lifetime and annual dollar limits and, for non-grandfathered plans, limits on cost-sharing.			
Clinical Trial Participants: Non-grandfathered health plans cannot terminate coverage because an individual chooses to participate in a clinical trial for cancer or other life-threatening diseases or deny benefits to that individual for routine care that would otherwise be covered.			
Summary of Benefits and Coverage (SBC): Provide at enrollment and upon request in accordance with applicable distribution rules.			
Marketplace (Exchange) Notice: Provide Marketplace Notice to new employees within 14 days of hire in accordance with applicable distribution rules. Be prepared to assist employees with information if requested by the Marketplace to help determine an employee's eligibility for premium subsidies.			
Grandfathered Plan Notice: If you have a grandfathered plan, provide disclosure with all materials describing the plan's benefits (e.g., enrollment materials and Summary Plan Description (SPD).			
Patient Protection Notice (aka Physician Designation Notice): If you have a non-grandfathered plan, provide this notice at enrollment and include it in the SPD.			
W-2 Reporting of Health Coverage: Report aggregate cost of health coverage on Forms W-2 (Employers that filed fewer than 250 W-2s for the prior year are exempt from this requirement for the current year).			
Patient Centered Research Institute Fee (PCORI): Report and pay PCORI fee to IRS using Form 720. For plan years ending on or after October 1, 2019 through September 30, 2020, the fee is \$2.54 per covered individual, per year. The fee for plan years ending on or after October 1, 2020 has yet not been announced. Insurers file forms and make payments for insured plans; employers file and pay for self-funded plans.			
Medical Loss Ratio Rebates: Provide notice to affected plan participants if rebates are received from insurers. Handle rebates in accordance with the ERISA plan document provisions applicable to the medical plan, if subject to ERISA, or review <u>DOL Technical Release 2011-4</u> , for further guidance.			

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OTHER BENEFITS REGULATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS

Wellness Programs

Do you sponsor a wellness program that offers health benefits (including biometric screening or health coaching)? If so, does the program comply with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), and Genetic Information	Yes	N
Nondiscrimination Act (GINA) wellness rules?		

No

N/A

Incentives for employee participation or meeting certain health standards must be designed to comply with HIPAA and the ADA. Alternative standards must be offered to employees for whom it is unreasonably difficult or inadvisable to meet the standard. Notice to participants about the program's alternative standards is required.

GINA's wellness rules apply to all wellness programs that request, require or purchase genetic information about employees or their family members. Genetic information includes a family member's medical history or health information. GINA restricts an employer from offering incentives to an employee in exchange for genetic information, which is defined by GINA to include family medical history.

Employers that offer wellness programs that collect employee health information must notify plan participants about the medical information that will be collected, how it will be used, who will have access to it, and how it will be kept confidential.

Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act

Does your plan comply with the Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act (MHPAEA)?

N/A

The MHPAEA is a federal law that generally prevents health plans that provide mental health – as well as substance use disorder benefits – from imposing less favorable benefit limitations on those benefits than those imposed on medical and surgical benefits. State laws may require additional standards with respect to mental health and/or substance use disorder benefits.

Health FSA Requirements

Does your health flexible spending account (Health FSA) limit employee yere-tax contributions to the annual federal limit?

Yes

No

No

N/A

An employee's annual pre-tax salary reduction contributions to a Health FSA cannot exceed \$2,500 per year (as adjusted for inflation). The 2020 Health FSA maximum contribution limit is \$2,750. The maximum 2021 Health FSA employee contribution limit has not yet been announced.

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Do you have the following documents, plan provisions, and processes in place?	Yes	No	N/A
Is your ERISA plan document up to date and available to participants and beneficiaries and U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) upon request?			
Has it been formally adopted?			
Is your SPD up to date, automatically provided to participants, and available to participants and beneficiaries (and DOL) upon request?			
Do you provide SPDs in accordance with DOL's distribution rules?			
Is your cafeteria plan document up to date and has it been formally adopted?			
Does your cafeteria plan include specific provisions applicable to your benefits plans? For example:			
 "Cash in lieu" provisions (if applicable) 			
 Carry-over or grace period provisions (if adopted) 			
 Health FSA contribution limit changes to match the federal limit (if adopted) 			
 Health Savings Account (HSA) (if applicable) 			
Do you provide up-to-date health plan notices, the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) notice, Medicare Part D notice(s) and SBCs at enrollment or when otherwise required?			
Are notices distributed in accordance with applicable distribution rules?			
Is the annual Form 5500 filed in a timely manner? (if applicable)			
Are Summary Annual Reports (SARs) distributed as required? (if applicable)			
Are all required COBRA notices provided to plan participants? (if applicable)			
The initial COBRA notice should be mailed to employees' homes to ensure delivery to spouses. If you have a COBRA third party administrator (TPA), confirm that the TPA is issuing the required COBRA notices to plan participants (including the initial COBRA notice).			
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