

WC Employer Support in Defense Strategy

Practical steps for Strengthening Your WC Defense

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Disclaimer

- •This presentation is provided for informational purposes only
- •It is not intended as legal advice and should not be relied upon as such
- •Every workers' compensation claim is fact-specific and may involve different legal and medical issues
- •Employers should consult with defense counsel for guidance on particular cases











Agenda

- •Role Of Employer Representative
- •Claims Process
- •90 Day Timeline and Investigation
- •Immediate Action & Scene Preservation
- Discovery and Deposition
- •Early Settlement
- Defense Strategy and Affirmative Defenses
- •132a and S&W











Employer's Role

- •Role of Employer Representatives in WC defense
- •Support through reporting, evidence preservation and records











Employer's Role - DWC-1 Form

- •Provide within one (1) working day of injury knowledge
- •Early submission to insurer/ TPA to start investigation











WC Claim Process

- Injury occurs and is reported
- Claim filed and investigation begins
- Medical evaluation and benefit determination
- Resolution through settlement or decision











The 90-Day Timeline- Presumption & Investigation

- •90 –day presumption if claim not denied timely
- •Investigations: interviews, personnel files, surveillance, medical history











The 90-Day Timeline-Avoiding Delays

- Complete incident reports promptly
- Gather witness statements early
- Submit all forms without delay











Affirmative Defenses

What Are Affirmative Defenses?

- •Legal arguments raised by the employer to limit or defeat liability
- •Shift the burden to applicant to prove the injury is compensable
- •Applied when evidence shows injury did not arise out of or occur in the course of employment
- •Must be raised and supported early to preserve the defense











Common Affirmative Defenses

- •Post-Termination Defense: Injury reported after employment ended
- •Intoxication Defense: Injury caused primarily by drugs or alcohol
- •Initial Physical Aggressor: Injury arose from fight started by applicant
- •Horseplay: Injury occurred while engaging in non-work activity
- •Independent/Third-Party Cause: Injury due to nonindustrial event or activity











Strategic Value of Affirmative Defenses

- •Can bar or reduce entitlement to temporary and permanent disability
- Limit exposure to medical treatment and lien claims
- Provide leverage in settlement negotiations
- •Reinforce position in discovery and med-legal evaluations
- •Effective use requires prompt factual investigation and documentation









Injury Documentation-Immediate Actions

- Document who, what, when, where and how
- Identify injured body parts and symptoms











Injury Documentation- Scene Preservation

- •Preserve machinery or equipment if relevant
- Limit access to incident area until documented













Personnel File Materials- Performance Records

- •Tardiness, missed deadlines, productivity issues
- Prior disciplinary write-ups













Personnel File Materials- Other Records

- Attendance history before injury
- Prior injury history
- Accommodations requests and ADA/FEHA compliance











Personnel File Materials-Job & Training Info

- Job descriptions with physical requirements
- Safety training and certification records











Assisting with Discovery- Employer Role

- Provide counsel with full records
- Conduct internal interviews and prepare memos













Assisting with Discovery- Deposition Process

- •Topics: incident details, prior injuries, work history, job duties
- •Use depositions to test credibility and clarity timelines











Early Settlement: Controlling Costs

- •Settles exposure before temporary disability extends over months or years
- •Limits permanent disability ratings before they escalate through med-legal reports
- •Avoids obligation to reimburse EDD for overlapping wage loss benefits
- •Provides predictable closure for budgeting and reserves











Med-legal and Litigation Costs



- •Temporary disability payments continue until claim resolution
- •Permanent disability ratings typically increase after med-legal evaluation
- •EDD reimbursement demands increase overall claim costs











Med-Legal and Litigation Costs

- •Costly medical-legal evaluations (AME/PQME fees, report reviews, depositions)
- •Ongoing treatments costs, even on disputed or denied claims
- •Exposure to treatment liens when liability is contested









Litigation Risks and Time

- •Multiple hearings, depositions, and appeals prolong claim life
- •Defense and applicant attorney fees increase with case duration
- •Lien litigation on denied treatment drives additional expense
- •Risk of penalties, sanctions, or vocational claims as case ages









Litigation Risks and Time

- •Litigation path often extends several years before resolution
- •Early settlement provides certainty, cost savings, and faster closure













Cost Comparison: Early Settlement vs Litigation

Early Settlement (Typical Range)

- •Temporary Disability: \$5,000 \$15,000
- •Permanent Disability: **\$10,000 \$30,000**
- •Medical Costs (limited): \$5,000 \$15,000
- •Attorney Fees (defense + applicant): \$5,000 \$10,000
- •Total: \$25,000 \$70,000









Litigation with Med-Legal Process (Typical Range)

- •Temporary Disability: **\$20,000 \$60,000**
- •Permanent Disability (inflated by med-legal): \$30,000 \$100,000+
- •EDD Reimbursement: **\$10,000 \$30,000**
- •Medical-Legal Evaluations: **\$5,000 \$15,000**
- •Treatment Costs + Liens: **\$20,000 \$50,000**+
- •Attorney Fees (defense + applicant): \$15,000 -
- \$30,000
- •Total: \$100,000 \$285,000+











Key Takeaway

- •Early settlement contains costs and provides certainty.
- •Litigation path carries significantly higher exposure in time









Assisting with Discovery- Coordinating with Other Claims

•132a or Serious & Willful counsel coordination for combined depositions











Employer's Role in Defense Strategy

- Maintain communication with adjuster and counsel
- Consistent internal documentation











Defense Strategy- Claim Evaluation

- •Watch for red flags in medical treatment
- •Settle high-exposure claims, allow low-value to lapse
- •Affirmative defenses; intoxication, posttermination, fraud, SOL, horseplay, contractor status









132a and S&W Claims

- May not be covered by WC insurance
- Possible deposition coordination with these claims
- •Potential dismissal as part of C&R- not guaranteed









Question & Answer Time











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